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WORKSHOP

AGREEMENT

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Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification -Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface -Programmer's Interface

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Foreword

This CWA is revision 2.0 of the XFS interface specification. Release 2.0 extends the scope of the XFS interface specification to include both the self service/ATM environment as well as the branch environment. The new specification now fully supports cameras, deposit units, identification cards, PIN pads, sensors and indicator units, text terminals, cash dispenser modules and a wide variety of printing mechanisms.

This specification was originally developed by the Banking Solutions Vendor Council (BSVC), and is endorsed by the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. This Workshop gathers both suppliers (among others the BSVC members) as well as banks and other financial service companies. A list of companies participating in this Workshop and in support of this CWA is available from the CEN/ISSS Secretariat.

The specification is continuously reviewed and commented in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. It is therefore expected that an update of the specification will be published in due time as a CWA, superseding this revision 2.00.

This CWA is supplemented by a set of release notes, which are available from the CEN/ISSS Secretariat (an on-line version of these release notes is available from http://www.cenorm.be/isss/Workshop/XFS/release-notes.htm).

0. Introduction

This is part 4 of the multi-part CWA 13449, describing Release 2.0 of the XFS interface specification.

The full CWA 13449 "Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification" consists of the following parts:

Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) - Service Provider Interface (SPI); Programmer's Reference

Part 2: Service Classes Definition; Programmer's Reference

Part 3: Printer Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available from the CEN/ISSS Secretariat (contact <u>isss@cenorm.be</u> or download from http://www.cenorm.be/isss/ Workshop/XFS/release-notes.htm).

The information in this document originally contributed by members of the Banking Solutions Vendor Council and endorsed by the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS, represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is furnished for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN/ISSS makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

The XFS specifications are now further developed in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. CEN/ISSS Workshops are open to all interested parties offering to contribute. Parties interested in participating should contact the CEN/ISSS Secretariat (isss@cenorm.be).

A Software Development Kit (SDK) which supplies the components and tools to allow the implementation of compliant applications and services is available from Microsoft¹.

To the extent that date processing occurs, all XFS Workshop participants agree that the XFS specifications are Year 2000 compliant.

Revision History:

IXC VI.	51011 1115t01 y .	
1.0	May 24, 1993	Initial release of API and SPI specification
1.11	February 3, 1995	Separation of specification into separate documents for API/SPI and service class definitions, with updates
2.00	November 11, 1996	Updated release encompassing self-service environment.
	October 6, 1998	WOSA/XFS Release 2.00 as originally developed by the BSVC, has been
		formally accepted as a CEN Workshop Agreement by the
		CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop and the name WOSA/XFS has been changed
		into XFS. In spite of the name change, certain occurrencies of
		WOSA/XFS however still appear in the documentation, for compatibility
		reasons

¹ Microsoft is a registered trademark, and Windows and Windows NT are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation

1. XFS Service-Specific Programming

The service classes are defined by their service-specific commands and the associated data structures, error codes, messages, etc. These commands are used to request functions that are specific to one or more classes of service providers, but not all of them, and therefore are not included in the common API for basic or administration functions.

When a service-specific command is common among two or more classes of service providers, the syntax of the command is as similar as possible across all services, since a major objective of the Extensions for Financial Services specification is to standardize command codes and structures for the broadest variety of services. For example, using the **WFSExecute** function, the commands to read data from various services are as similar as possible to each other in their syntax and data structures.

In general, the specific command set for a service class is defined as the union of the specific capabilities likely to be provided by the developers of the services of that class; thus any particular device will normally support only a subset of the defined command set.

There are three cases in which a service provider may receive a service-specific command that it does not support:

- The requested capability is defined for the class of service providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability is *not* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, the service provider returns a successful completion, but does no operation. An example would be a request from an application to turn on a control indicator on a passbook printer; the service provider recognizes the command, but since the passbook printer it is managing does not include that indicator, the service provider does no operation and returns a successful completion to the application.
- The requested capability is defined for the class of service providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability *is* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, a WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned to the calling application. An example would be a request from an application to a cash dispenser to dispense coins; the service provider recognizes the command but, since the cash dispenser it is managing dispenses only notes, returns this error.
- The requested capability is *not* defined for the class of service providers by the XFS specification. In this case, a WFS_ERR_INVALID_COMMAND error is returned to the calling application.

This design allows implementation of applications that can be used with a range of services that provide differing subsets of the functionalities that are defined for their service class. Applications may use the **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** commands to inquire about the capabilities of the service they are about to use, and modify their behavior accordingly, or they may use functions and then deal with WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error returns to make decisions as to how to use the service.

2. Identification Card Readers and Writers

This section describes the functions provided by a generic identification card reader/writer service (IDC). These descriptions include definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the **WFSAsyncExecute**, **WFSExecute**, **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** functions.

This service allows for the operation of the following categories of units:

- motor driven card reader/writer
- pull through card reader (writing facilities only partially included)
- dip reader
- contactless chip card readers

The following tracks/chips and the corresponding international standards are taken into account in this document:

Track 1	ISO 7811
Track 2	ISO 7811

Track 3	ISO 7811 / ISO 4909
Chip (contacted)	ISO 7816
Chip (contactless)	ISO 10536.

National standards like Transac for France or Watermark for Sweden are not considered, but can be easily included via the forms mechanism (see Section 6, Form Definition).

In addition to the pure reading of the tracks mentioned above, security boxes can be used via this service to check the data of writable tracks for manipulation. These boxes (such as CIM or MM) are sensor-equipped devices that are able to check some other information on the card and compare it with the track data.

3. Info Commands

3.1 WFS_INF_IDC_STATUS

Description	This command reports the full range of information available, including the information that is
	provided either by the service provider or, if present, by any of the security modules. In addition
	to that, the number of cards retained is transmitted for motor driven card reader/writer (for devices
	of the other categories this number is always set to zero).

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSIDCSTATUS

IDCSTATUS lpStatus;

typedef stru	ct _wfs_idc_status
{	
WORD	fwDevice;
WORD	fwMedia;
WORD	fwRetainBin;
WORD	fwSecurity;
USHORT	usCards;
LPSTR	lpszExtra;
} WFSIDCS	TATUS, * LPWFSIDCSTATUS;

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the ID card device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE	The device is present, powered on and online (i.e.,
	operational, not busy processing a request and not in an
	error state).
WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE	The device is present and powered on, but offline (not
	operational-e.g., an operator has switched it offline).
WFS_IDC_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is present but powered off.
WFS_IDC_DEVBUSY	The device is present and is busy processing an
	Execute request.
WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device connected.
WFS_IDC_DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is preventing proper
	device operation. The application should suspend the
	device operation or remove the device from service
	until the service provider generates a device state
	change event indicating the condition of the device has
	changed e.g.the error is removed
	(WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE) or a permanent error
	condition has occurred (WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR).
WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR	The device is present but inoperable due to a hardware
	fault that prevents it from being used.

fwMedia

Specifies the state of the ID card unit as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is present in the device, not in the entering
	position and not jammed.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not present in the device and not at the
	entering position.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAJAMMED	Media is jammed in the device; operator intervention is required.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTSUPP	Capability to report media position is not supported by the device (e.g., a typical swipe reader).
WFS IDC MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media state cannot be determined with the device
	in its current state (e.g., the value of <i>fwDevice</i> is WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE.
	WFS IDC DEVPOWEROFF.
	WFS IDC DEVOFFLINE, or
	WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR).
WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	Media is at the entry/exit slot of a motorized device.
fwRetainBin	
Specifies the state of the ID card unit re	etain bin as one of the following flags:
Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK	The retain bin of the ID card unit is not full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin of the ID card unit is full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH	The retain bin of the ID card unit is nearly full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINNOTSUPP	The ID card unit does not support retain capability.
fwSecurity	
Specifies the state of the security unit a	s one of the following flags:
Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_SECOPEN	The security module is open and ready to process
	cards.
WFS_IDC_SECNOTREADY	The security module is not ready to process cards.
WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP	No security module is available.
usCards	
The number of cards retained; applicab persistent (i.e., it survives power failure WFS_CMS_IDC_RESET_COUNT co	le only to motor driven ID card units. This value is es, opens, and closes): it is reset to zero by the mmand.
lpszExtra	

Points to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by service providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters.

Error Codes There are no additional error codes generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

3.2 WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES

Description	This command is used to retrieve the capa	bilities of the ID card unit.	
Input Param	am None.		
Output Param	LPWFSIDCCAPS lpCaps;		
Cutput I urum	typedef struct _wfs_idc_caps { WORD wClass; WORD fwType; BOOL bCompound; WORD fwReadTracks; WORD fwReadTracks; WORD fwWriteTracks; WORD fwChipProtocol. USHORT usCards; WORD fwSecType; WORD fwPowerOnOptio: WORD fwPowerOnOptio: WORD fwPowerOffOptio: LPSTR lpszExtra; } WFSIDCCAPS, * LPWFSIDCCAPS <i>wClass</i> Specifies the logical service class; value <i>fwType</i> Specifies the type of the ID card unit as Value WFS_IDC_TYPEMOTOR WFS_IDC_TYPESWIPE WFS_IDC_TYPEONTACTLESS	s; n; on; on; s; e is WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_IDC one of the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The ID card unit is a motor driven card unit. The ID card unit is a swipe (pull-through) card unit . The ID card unit is a dip card unit. The ID card unit is a contactless card unit, i.e. no	
	<i>bCompound</i> Specifies whether the logical device is p or FALSE. <i>fwReadTracks</i> Specifies the tracks that can be read by Value WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP WFS_IDC_TRACK1 WFS_IDC_TRACK2 WFS_IDC_TRACK3	the ID card unit as a combination of the following flags: Meaning The ID card unit can not access any track. The ID card unit can access track 1. The ID card unit can access track 2. The ID card unit can access track 3.	
	fwWriteTracks	has the ID could write (on a countries of the flace	

Specifies the tracks that can be written by the ID card unit (as a combination of the flags specified in the description of *fwReadTracks*).

fwChipProtocols

Specifies the chip card protocols that are supported by the service provider as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	The ID card unit can not handle chip cards.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT0	The ID card unit can handle the T=0 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT1	The ID card unit can handle the T=1 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT2	The ID card unit can handle the T=2 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT3	The ID card unit can handle the T=3 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT4	The ID card unit can handle the T=4 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT5	The ID card unit can handle the T=5 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT6	The ID card unit can handle the T=6 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT7	The ID card unit can handle the T=7 protocol.

WFS_IDC_CHIPT8	The ID card unit can handle the T=8 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT9	The ID card unit can handle the T=9 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT10	The ID card unit can handle the T=10 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT11	The ID card unit can handle the T=11 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT12	The ID card unit can handle the T=12 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT13	The ID card unit can handle the T=13 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT14	The ID card unit can handle the T=14 protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT15	The ID card unit can handle the T=15 protocol.

usCards

Specifies the maximum numbers of cards that the retain bin can hold (zero if not available).

fwSecType

Specifies the type of security module used as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP	Device has no security module.
WFS_IDC_SECMMBOX	Security module of device is MMBox.
WFS_IDC_SECCIM86	Security module of device is CIM86.

fwPowerOnOption

Specifies the power-on capabilities of the device hardware, as one of the following flags; applicable only to motor driven ID card units.

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOACTION	No power on actions are supported by the device
WFS_IDC_EJECT	The card will be ejected on power-on (or off, see
	fwPowerOffOption below).
WFS_IDC_RETAIN	The card will be retained on power-on (off).
WFS_IDC_EJECTTHENRETA	IN The card will be ejected for a specified time on
	power-on (off), then retained if not taken. The time
	for which the card is ejected is vendor dependent.
WFS_IDC_READPOSITION	The card will be moved into the read position on
	power-on (off).

fwPowerOffOption

Specifies the power-off capabilities of the device hardware, as one of the flags specified for *fwPowerOnOption*; applicable only to motor driven ID card units.

lpszExtra

Points to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by service providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters.

Error Codes There are no additional error codes generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

3.3 WFS_INF_IDC_FORM_LIST

Description	This command is used to retrieve the list of forms available on the device.		
Input Param	None.		
Output Param	LPSTR lpszFormList;		
	<i>lpszFormList</i> Pointer to a list characters.	of null-terminated form names, with the final name terminating with two null	
Error Codes	There are no additional error codes generated by this command.		
Comments	None.		

3.4 WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_FORM

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified form.

Innut Param	I.DSTR	lpgzFormName:	
input i aram	InszForm Nama	19521 Of miname /	
	Points to the null-terminated form name on which to retrieve details.		
Output Param	LPWFSIDCFORM lpForm;		
	typedef struct { LPSTR char char wORD LPSTR BOOL LPSTR LPSTR LPSTR } WFSII	<pre>t _wfs_idc_form lpszFormName; cFieldSeparator cFieldSeparator fwAction; lpszTracks; bSecure; lpszTrack1Field lpszTrack2Field lpszTrack3Field DCFORM, * LPWFSIDCH</pre>	Track1; Track2; Track3; ls; ls; ls; FORM;
	<i>lpszFormName</i> Specifies the null-terminated name of the form. <i>cFieldSeparatorTrack1</i> Specifies the value of the field separator of Track 1		
	<i>cFieldSeparato</i> . Specifies the va	<i>rTrack2</i> llue of the field separator	of Track 2.
	<i>cFieldSeparato</i> Specifies the va	<i>rTrack3</i> lue of the field separator	of Track 3.
	fwAction is a flag word th Value	nat specifies the form act	ion; can be one of the following: Meaning
	WFS_IDC_A WFS_IDC_A	CTIONREAD CTIONWRITE	The form reads the card. The form writes the card.
	<i>lpszTracks</i> Specifies the rea	ad algorithm or the track	to write.
	bSecure Specifies wheth	er or not to do a security	v check.
	<i>lpszTrack1Fields</i> Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of Track 1, with the final name terminating with two null characters.		
	<i>lpszTrack2Field</i> Pointer to a list two null charact	<i>ls</i> of null-terminated field ters.	names of Track 2, with the final name terminating with
	<i>lpszTrack3Field</i> Pointer to a list two null charact	<i>ls</i> of null-terminated field ters.	names of Track 3, with the final name terminating with
Error Codes	The following add Value	litional error codes can b	be generated by this command: Meaning
	WFS_ERR_IDO	C_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.

WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID

The specified form is invalid.

Comments None.

4. Execute Commands

4.1 WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK

Description	For motor driven card readers, the ID card tracks are read immediately as described i	unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the n the form specified by the <i>lpFormsName</i> parameter.
	If no card has been inserted, and for all ot the period of time specified in the WFSE through. Again the next step is reading the Definition, for a more detailed description of a security check via a security module (data.	her categories of card readers, the ID card unit waits for accute call for a card to be either inserted or pulled tracks specified in the form (see Section 6, Form of the forms mechanism). In addition to that, the results i.e., MM, CIM86) are specified and added to the track
Input Param	LPSTR lpstrFormName;	
	<i>lpstrFormName</i> Points to the name of the form that defin Form Definition)	nes the behavior for the reading of tracks (see Section 6,
Output Param	LPSTR lpstrTrackData;	
	<i>lpstrTrackData</i> Points to the data read successfully from available).	n the selected tracks (and value of security module if
Error Codes	The following additional error codes can b Value	be generated by this command: Meaning
	WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required. The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required
	WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	The read operation specified by the forms definition could not be completed successfully due to invalid track data. This is returned if all tracks in an 'or' () operation cannot be read or if any track in an 'and' (&) operation cannot be read. <i>lpstrTrackData</i> points to data from the successfully read tracks (if any). One execute event (WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA) is generated for each specified track which could not be read successfully. See the form description for the rules defining how tracks are specified.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	No card was inserted within the specified time. For motor driven devices, the read is disabled; i.e., a card can not be inserted after a timeout
	WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form can not be found.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid (e.g., syntax
	WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL	The security module failed reading the cards security sign.
Events	The following additional events can be ge	nerated by this command:
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKD	ATA One event is generated for each blank track (no data) or invalid track (either data error

WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	reading the track or the data does not conform to the specified form definition). This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	processing while the card is being read. This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a read operation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in the wrong orientation. The card has not been accepted into the device. The device is still ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.

Comments The track data is preceded by the keyword for the track, separated by a ':'. The field data is always preceded by the corresponding keyword, separated by a '='. The fields are separated by 0x00. The data of the different tracks is separated by an additional 0x00. The end of the buffer is marked by another additional 0x00 (see example below). Data encoding is defined in Section 6, Form Definition.

Example of *lpstrTrackData*: TRACK2:ALL=47..\0\0TRACK3:MII=59\0PAN=500..\0\0\0

4.2 WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK

Description For motor-driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the data is written to the track as described in the form specified by the *lpstrFormName* parameter, and the other parameters.

If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of devices, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the **WFSExecute** call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. The next step is writing the data defined by the form and the parameters to the respective track (see Section 6, Form Definition, for a more detailed description of the forms mechanism).

This procedure is followed by data verification.

Input Param LPWFSIDCWRITETRACK lpWriteTrack;

struct _wfs_idc_write_track
{
 LPSTR lpstrFormName;
 LPSTR lpstrTrackData;
 } WFSIDCWRITETRACK, * LPWFSIDCWRITETRACK;

lpstrFormName Points to the name of the form to be used. *lpstrTrackData* Points to the data to be used in the form.

Output Param None.

Error Codes The following additional error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.	
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or	
	hardware error. Operator intervention is required	
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	The card was removed before completion of the write	
	operation.	
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while writing the track.	
WFS_ERR_IDC_DATASYNTAX	The syntax of the data pointed to by <i>lpstrTrackData</i> is	
	in error, or does not conform to the form definition.	

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WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled
	through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form can not be found.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid (e.g., syntax
	error).

Events

The following additional events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other processing while the card is being written.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a write operation.

Comments The field data is always preceded by the corresponding keyword, separated by an '='. Fields are separated by 0x00. The end of the buffer is marked with an additional 0x00. (See the example below and Section 6, Form Definition.) This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if a write request is received by a device with no write capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

Example of *lpstrTrackData*: RETRYCOUNT=3\0DATE=3132\0..\0\0

4.3 WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD

Description	The card is driven to the exit slot from where the user can remove it; applicable only to motor driven card readers. After successful completion of this command, a service event message is generated to inform the application when the card is taken. The card remains in position for withdrawal until either it is taken or the application sends a WFS_CMD_IDC_RETAIN command to retain the card internally.			
Input Param	None.			
Output Param	None.			
Error Codes	The following additional error codes can b Value WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIARETAINED	e generated by this command: <u>Meaning</u> The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required. The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required. No card is present. The card has been retained during attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.		
Events	The following additional events can be get	nerated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning		
	WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	The card has been taken by the user.		
Comments	This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if an eject request is received by a device with no eject capability, the WFS ERR UNSUPP COMMAND error is returned.			

4.4 WFS_CMD_IDC_RETAIN_CARD

Description	The card is removed from its present position (card inserted into device, card entering, unknown position) and stored in the retain bin; applicable to motor-driven card readers only. The ID card unit sends an event, if the storage capacity of the retain bin is reached. If the storage capacity has already been reached, and the command cannot be executed, an error is returned and the card remains in its present position.			
	If the execution of this command is performed without errors, the total number of card includes the current card. If, however, an error occurs during the execution, the total n cards retained does not include the current card.			
Input Param	None.			
Output Param	LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD lpRetainCar	rd;		
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_idc_retain_card { USHORT usCount; WORD fwPosition; WFSIDCRETAINCARD, * LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD;</pre>			
	<i>usCount</i> Total number of ID cards retained up to and including this operation, since the last WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET_COUNT command was executed.			
	fwPosition Position of card; only relevant if card c Value WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	ould not be retained. Possible positions: Meaning The position of the card can not be determined with the device in its current state.		
	WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	The card is present in the reader. The card is in the entering position (shutter).		
Error Codes	odes The following additional error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning			
	WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA WFS_ERR_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required. No card has been inserted. The <i>fwPosition</i> parameter has the value WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN. The retain bin is full; no more cards can be retained.		
		The current card is still in the device.		
Events	The following additional events can be geven value	enerated by this command: Meaning		
	WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRE	ESHOLD The retain bin reached a threshold value.		
Comments	This is a fundamental capability of an ID with no retain capability, the WFS_ERR_	card unit; thus if a retain request is received by a device UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.		

4.5 WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET_COUNT

DescriptionThis function resets the present value for number of cards retained to zero. The function is
possible for motor-driven card readers only.The number of cards retained is controlled by the service and can be requested before resetting via
the WFS_INF_IDC_STATUS.Input ParamNone.Output ParamNone.Error CodesThere are no additional error codes generated by this command.EventsThere are no additional events generated by this command.

Comments This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if this request is received by a device with no retain capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

4.6 WFS_CMD_IDC_SETKEY

Description This command is used for setting the DES key that is necessary for operating a CIM86 module. The command must be executed before the first read command is issued to the card reader.

Input Param LPWFSIDCSETKEY lpSetkey;

typedef struct _wfs_idc_setkey
{
 USHORT usKeyLen;
 LPBYTE lpbKeyValue;
 } WFSIDCSETKEY; *LPWFSIDCSETKEY;

usKeyLen Specifies the length of the following key value.

lpbKeyValue Pointer to a byte array containing the CIM86 DES key. This key is supplied by the vendor of the CIM86 module.

Output ParamNone.Error CodesThere are no additional error codes generated by this command.EventsThere are no additional events generated by this command.CommentsNone.

4.7 WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA

Description	For motor driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, all specified tracks are read immediately. If reading the chip is requested, the chip will be contacted and reset and the ATR (Answer To Reset) data will be read. When this command completes the chip will be in contacted position. This command can also be used for an explicit reset of a previously contacted chip.		
	If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of card readers, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the WFSExecute call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. The next step is trying to read all tracks specified.		
	Magnetic stripe track data is converted from its 5 or 7 bit character form to 8 bit ASCII form. The parity bit from each 5 or 7 bit magnetic stripe character is discarded. Start and end sentinel characters are not returned to the application. Field separator characters are returned to the application, and are also converted to 8 bit ASCII form.		
	In addition to that, a security check via a security module (i.e., MM, CIM86) can be requested.		
Input Param	Input Param LPWORD 1pwReadData;		
	<i>lpwReadData</i> Specifies which data sh Value	ould be read as a combination of the following flags: Meaning	
	WFS_IDC_TRACK1	Track 1 of the magnetic stripe will be read.	
	WFS_IDC_TRACK2	Track 2 of the magnetic stripe will be read.	
	WFS_IDC_TRACK3	Track 3 of the magnetic stripe will be read.	
	WFS_IDC_CHIP	The chip will be read.	
	WFS_IDC_SECURITY	A security check will be performed.	
Output Param	LPWFSIDCCARDDATA	*lppCardData;	

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to card data structures:

	Pointer to a nun-terminated array of pointers to card data structures:		
	struct _wfs_idc_card_data		
	{		
	WORD wDataSourc	ce;	
	WORD WStatus;	∗+h:	
	LPRYTE lphData;	juli,	
	} WFSIDCCARDDATA. * LPW	FSID	CARDDATA;
	wDataSource		
	Specifies the source of the card data	a as on	e of the following flags:
		Me	aning
	WFS_IDC_TRACK1	lpb.	Data contains data read from track 1.
	WFS_IDC_TRACK2	lpb.	Data contains data read from track 2.
	WFS_IDC_TRACKS	100.	Data contains data read from track 5.
	WFS_IDC_CHIP WFS_IDC_SECUDITY	ipo. Inh	Data contains ATK data read from the chip.
	WFS_IDC_SECURITY	ipo.	Data contains the value returned by the security module.
	wStatus		
	Status of reading the card data. Poss	sible v	alues are:
	Value	Mean	ing
	WFS_IDC_DATAOK	The d	ata is ok.
	WFS_IDC_DATAMISSING	The ti	cack/chip is blank.
	WFS_IDC_DATAINVALID	The d	ata contained on the track/chip is invalid.
	WFS_IDC_DATATOOLONG	The d	ata contained on the track/chip is too long.
	WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORT	The d	ata contained on the track/chip is too short.
	WFS_IDC_DATASRCNOTSUPP	The d	ata source to read from is not supported by the service
	WFS_IDC_DATASRCMISSING	provid The d	der. ata source to read from is missing on the card.
	<i>ulDataLength</i> Specifies the length of the following	g field	lpbData.
	<i>lpbData</i> Points to the data read from the trac	:k/chip	or the value returned by the security module.
Error Codes	• Codes The following additional error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning		be generated by this command: Meaning
	WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAI	L	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required. The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or herdware error. Operator intervention is required.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA		The card was removed before completion of the read action.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMED	DIA	No track or chip found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
Events	The following additional events can Value	ı be ge	nerated by this command: Meaning
	WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSE	RTED	This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED This er remov		 processing while the card is being read. This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a read operation 	
	WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDME	EDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in the wrong orientation. The card has not been accepted into the device. The device is still ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.

Comments None.

4.8 WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_RAW_DATA

Description	For motor-driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the data is written to the tracks.	
	If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of devices, the ID card unit waits for period of time specified in the WFSExecute call for a card to be either inserted or pulled thr The next step is writing the data to the respective tracks.	
The application must pass the magnetic stripe data in ASC be converted by the service provider.		tripe data in ASCII without any sentinels. The data will
	This procedure is followed by data verific	cation.
Input Param	It Param LPWFSIDCCARDDATA *lppCardData; Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to card data structures:	
	<pre>struct _wfs_idc_card_data { WORD wDataSource; WORD wStatus; ULONG ulDataLength; LPBYTE lpbData; } WFSIDCCARDDATA, * LPWFSIDC</pre>	CCARDDATA;
	<i>wDataSource</i> Specifies the source of the card data as one of the following flags:	
	WFS_IDC_TRACK1lpbWFS_IDC_TRACK2lpbWFS_IDC_TRACK3lpb	<i>Data</i> contains data to be written to track 1. <i>Data</i> contains data to be written to track 2. <i>Data</i> contains data to be written to track 3.
	<i>wStatus</i> This parameter is ignored by this comman	nd.
	<i>ulDataLength</i> Specifies the length of the following field <i>lpbData</i> .	
	<i>lpbData</i> Points to the data to be written to the track.	
Output Param	None.	
Error Codes	es The following additional error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required. The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required
	WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	The card was removed before completion of the write action.
	WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
Events	The following additional events can be get Value	enerated by this command: Meaning
	WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	 This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other processing while the card is being written. This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a write operation.

WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA

The user is attempting to insert the media in the wrong orientation. The card has not been accepted into the device. The device is still ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.

Comments This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if a write request is received by a device with no write capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

4.9 WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_IO

Description This command is used to communicate with the chip. Transparent data is sent from the application to the chip and the response of the chip is returned transparently to the application.

The ATR of the chip must be obtained before issuing this command by issuing a Read Command.

Input Param LPWFSIDCCHIPIO lpChipIoIn;

struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
{
 WORD wChipProtocol;
 ULONG ulChipDataLength;
 LPBYTE lpbChipData;
 WFSIDCCHIPIO, * LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;

wChipProtocol Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. Possible values are those described in WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES.

ulChipDataLength Specifies the length of the following field *lpbChipData*.

lpChipIoOut;

lpbChipData Points to the data sent to the chip.

struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
{
 WORD wChipProtocol;
 ULONG ulChipDataLength;
 LPBYTE lpbChipData;
 WFSIDCCHIPIO; * LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;

wChipProtocol

Output Param LPWFSIDCCHIPIO

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

ulChipDataLength Specifies the length of the following field *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData Points to the data responded from the chip.

Error Codes The following additional error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	There is no card inside the device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No chip found; card may have been inserted or
	pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with the
	chip.
WFS_ERR_IDC_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	The protocol used was not supported by the
	service provider.

 WFS_ERR_IDC_ATRNOTOBTAINED
 The ATR was not obtained before by issuing a Read Command.

 Events
 The following additional events can be generated by this command:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED
 This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a write operation.

 Comments
 None.

5. Events

5.1 WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA

Description This execute event specifies that a track contained invalid or no data.

Event Param LPWFSIDCTRACKEVENT lpTrackEvent;

struct _wfs_idc_track_event
{
 WORD fwStatus;
 LPSTR lpstrTrack;
 LPSTR lpstrData;
 WFSIDCTRACKEVENT, * LPWFSIDCTRACKEVENT;

fwStatus

S	Status of reading the track. Possible values are :		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_IDC_DATAMISSING	The track is blank.	
	WFS_IDC_DATAINVALID	The data contained on the track is invalid.	
	WFS IDC DATATOOLONG	The data contained on the track is too long	

WFS_IDC_DATATOOLONGThe data contained on the track is too long.WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORTThe data contained on the track is too short.

lpstrTrack

Points to the keyword of the track on which the error occurred.

lpstrData

Points to the data that could be read (that may be only a fragment of the track), terminated by a null character. This data is simply a stream of characters; it does not contain keywords.

5.2 WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This execute event specifies that a card was inserted into the device.

Event Param None.

5.3 WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED

Description This service event specifies that the inserted card was manually removed by the user during the processing of a read/write command or after an eject operation.

Event Param None.

5.4 WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA

Description This execute event specifies that the media the user is attempting to insert is not a valid card or it is a card but it is in the wrong orientation.

Event Param None.

5.5 WFS_SRVE_IDC_CARDACTION

Description This service event specifies that a card has been retained or ejected by either the automatic power on or power off action of the device.

Event Param LPWFSIDCCARDACT lpCardAct;

typedef struct _wfs_idc_card_act
{
 WORD wAction;
 WORD wPosition;
 WFSIDCCARDACT, * LPWFSIDCCARDACT;

wAction

Specifies which action has been performed with the card. Possible values are :

Value	Meaning	
WFS_IDC_CARDRETAINED		The card has been retained.
WFS_IDC_CARDEJECTED		The card has been ejected.
WFS_IDC_CARDREADPOSITION		The card has been moved to the read
		position

wPosition

Position of card before being retained or ejected. Possible values are :

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The position of the card can not be determined.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	The card was present in the reader.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	The card was entering the reader.

5.6 WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD

Description This user event specifies that the retain bin holding the retained cards is near full (according to the threshold value in the registry), requiring operator intervention soon.

Event Param LPWORD lpfwRetainBin;

lpfwRetainBin

r	Junceland	
Specifies the state of the ID card unit retain bin as one of the following flags:		
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK	The retain bin of the ID card unit was emptied.
	WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin of the ID card unit is full.
	WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH	The retain bin of the ID card unit is nearly full.

6. Form Description

This section describes the forms mechanism used to define the tracks to be read or written. Forms are contained in a single file, with one section for each defined form. The name of each section is the form name parameter in the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK and WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK commands.

The currently active ID card unit (IDCU) form file is configured through the following key

WOSA/XFS_ROOT FORMS

IDCU

formfile=<path><filename>

The read form defines which tracks should be read in the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command and what the response should be to a read failure. The read form can also be used to define logical track data, i.e. fields like "account number," "issuer identifier," and their position within the physical track data. For example, the output parameter of the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command with input parameter *lpstrFormName* = READTRACK3GERMAN could look like (see example 1 below):

"TRACK3:MII=59\0ISSUERID=50050500\0ACCOUNT=1234567890\0LUHNT3=1\0\0\0"

The write form defines which track is to be written, the logical track data that is handed over in the WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK command, and how the write data is to be converted to the physical data to be written.

Reserved Keywords/Operands	Meaning
0	form name delimiters
TRACK1	keyword to identify track 1
TRACK2	keyword to identify track 2
TRACK3	keyword to identify track 3
FIELDSEPT1	value of field separator of track 1
FIELDSEPT2	value of field separator of track 2
FIELDSEPT3	value of field separator of track 3
READ	description of read action; the TRACKn keywords are processed left to right
WRITE	description of write action
ALL	read or write the complete track
SECURE	do the security check via the security module (CIM86 or MM)
&	read/write all tracks specified, abort reading on read failure
	read/write at least one of the tracks specified, continue reading on read failure
FIELDSEPPOSn	position of the <i>n</i> th occurrence of field separator on track
,	separator in a list of logical fields
DEFAULT	string for default substitution of track data to be written, that is not defined explicitly by the form fields. DEFAULT also allows an application to input fewer fields than those defined by the form.
?	Reserved value for DEFAULT keyword: substitute track data to write with its value read before.
ENDTRACK	is the reference to the end track position. It is used to identify fields positioned after the last field separator

Notes

The & and | operands may be combined in a single READ statement; for example:

- read track3 or track2, trying track3 first:
 - READ= TRACK3 | TRACK2
- read track 3 and at least one of track2 or track1:
 - READ= TRACK3 & (TRACK2 | TRACK1)

or:

READ= TRACK2 | TRACK1 & TRACK3

Use of field separators in track layouts is to replace optional fields and terminate variable length fields.

Write forms are designed for updating specific fields without altering the position of the field separators.

The application may alter the position of the field separators by rewriting the card tracks (ALL option or DEFAULT option with default track data).

```
Example 1 Reading tracks:
```

```
[READTRACK3GERMAN]
FIELDSEPT1= =
                         /* field separator of track 1 */
FIELDSEPT2= =
                   /* field separator of track 2 */
FIELDSEPT3= = /* field separator of track 3 */
READ= TRACK3 & TRACK1 & TRACK2
                                     /* all tracks must be read */
TRACK3= MII, ISSUERID, ACCOUNT, LUHNT3, SECURE /* read logical fields
                                                as defined below; also
                                                check the security */
MII= FIELDSEPPOS1 + 1, FIELDSEPPOS1 + 2
ISSUERID= FIELDSEPPOS1 + 3, FIELDSEPPOS1 + 10
ACCOUNT= FIELDSEPPOS1 + 11, FIELDSEPPOS2 - 2
LUHNT3= FIELDSEPPOS2 - 1, FIELDSEPPOS2 - 1
                  /* return track2 complete,
TRACK2= ALL
                      don't return logical fields */
TRACK1= ALL
                   /* return track1 complete,
                      don't return logical fields */
```

All tracks must be read ('READ'), that is, the read fails if an error occurs on reading any one of the tracks (the '&' operand). The field "major industry identifier" ('MII') is located after the first field separator ('FIELDSEPPOS1') and its length is two bytes. The "issuer identifier" field ('ISSUERID') is located after the MII field, with a length of eight bytes. The next field, "account number" ('ACCOUNT') is variable length; it ends before the luhn digit field ('LUHNT3') that is the last digit in front of the second field separator ('FIELDSEPPOS2').

Example 2 Write a track:

Track 3 is to be written. In the example only the retry counter and the date of the last transaction are updated, the other fields are unchanged. (If the field ALL is defined, the data passed in the WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK command is written to the physical track without formatting.)

7. C-Header file

/* be aware of alignment */ #pragma pack(push,1) /* values of WFSIDCCAPS.wClass */ WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_IDC #define (2) WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_NAME_IDC "IDC" #define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_VERSION_IDC #define 0x0002 #define IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET (WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_IDC * 100) /* IDC Info Commands */ (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) #define WFS INF IDC STATUS WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES #define ______FORM_LIST WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_FORM #define (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) #define (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) /* IDC Execute Commands */ (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) #define WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK #define WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) #define WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD #define WFS_CMD_IDC_RETAIN_CARD #define WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET_COUNT (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) #define #define #define WFS_CMD_IDC_SETKEY WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_RAW_DATA #define WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_IO (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) /* IDC Messages */ #define WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) #define WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDIRACRDATA #define WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED #define WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) #define WFS_SRVE_IDC_CARDACTION
#define WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRES
#define WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) WFS_SRVE_IDC_CARDACTION WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) /* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE
#define WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_IDC_DEVPOWEROFF
#define WFS_IDC_DEVBUSY
#define WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY WFS STAT DEVNODEVICE #define #define WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR WFS_IDC_DEVUSERERROR WFS STAT DEVUSERERROR /* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwMedia, WFSIDCRETAINCARD.fwPosition, */ /* WFSIDCCARDACT.fwPosition */ WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT #define (1)#define WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTPRESENT (2) #define #define WFS_IDC_MEDIAJAMMED WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTSUPP (3) (4)#define WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN (5)#define WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING (6) /* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwRetainBin */ #define WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK (1) WFS_IDC_RETAINNOTSUPP #define (2)#define WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL (3) #define WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH (4) /* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwSecurity */ (1)#define WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP WFS_IDC_SECNOTREADY #define (2)#define WFS_IDC_SECOPEN (3)

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<pre>/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwPowerOnOption,</pre>	WFSIDCCAPS.fwPowerOffOption, */
#define WES IDC NOACTION	(1)
#define WFS IDC EJECT	(2)
#define WFS IDC RETAIN	(3)
#define WFS_IDC_EJECTTHENRETAIN	(4)
#define WFS_IDC_READPOSITION	(5)
<pre>/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwType */</pre>	
#define WFS_IDC_TYPEMOTOR	(1)
#define WFS_IDC_TYPESWIPE	(2)
#define WFS_IDC_TYPEDIP	(3)
#define WFS_IDC_TYPECONTACTLESS	(4)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwReadTracks, WF WFSIDCCARDDATA.wDataSource	SIDCCAPS.fwWriteTracks, */
#define WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	0x0000
#define WFS_IDC_TRACK1	0x0001
#define WFS_IDC_TRACK2	0x0002
#deline WFS_IDC_IRACK3	0x0004
<pre>/* further values of WFSIDCCARDDATA.wDat</pre>	aSource */
#define WFS_IDC_CHIP	0x0008
#define WFS_IDC_SECURITY	0x0010
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwChipProtocols	*/
#define WES IDC CHIPTO	0x0001
#define WFS IDC CHIPT1	0x0002
#define WFS IDC CHIPT2	0x0004
#define WFS IDC CHIPT3	0x0008
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT4	0x0010
#define WFS IDC CHIPT5	0x0020
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT6	0x0040
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT7	0x0080
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT8	0x0100
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT9	0x0200
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT10	0x0400
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT11	0x0800
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT12	0x1000
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT13	0x2000
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT14	0x4000
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPT15	0x8000
<pre>/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwSecType */</pre>	
#define WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP	(1)
#define WFS_IDC_SECMMBOX	(2)
#define WFS_IDC_SECCIM86	(3)
/* values of WFSIDCFORM.fwAction */	
#define WFS IDC ACTIONREAD	(1)
#define WFS_IDC_ACTIONWRITE	(2)
<pre>/* values of WFSIDCTRACKEVENT.fwStatus,</pre>	WFSIDCCARDDATA.wStatus */
#define WFS IDC DATAOK	(0)
#define WFS IDC DATAMISSING	(1)
#define WFS IDC DATAINVALID	(2)
#define WFS IDC DATATOOLONG	(3)
#define WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORT	(4)
#define WFS_IDC_DATASRCNOTSUPP	(5)
#define WFS_IDC_DATASRCMISSING	(6)
/* values WFSIDCCARDACT.wAction */	
Haafina WEG TOG GADDDERATATED	(1)
HOLLING WES_IDC_CARDRETAINED	(<u>1</u>) (<u>2</u>)
HACTING WES IDC CARDEDECIED	(2)
"CETTIC "ID_IDC_CARDIGADEOBIIION	

```
/* XFS IDC Errors */
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIARETAINED
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_RETAINBINFULL
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4))
(-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7))
(-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_DATASYNTAX
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_ATRNOTOBTAINED
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11))
(-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
/*_____*/
/* IDC Info Command Structures and variables */
/*-----*/
typedef struct _wfs_idc_status
    WORD
                   fwDevice;
                  fwMedia;
    WORD
    WORD
                  fwRetainBin;
    WORD
                  fwSecurity;
   USHORT
                   usCards;
                  lpszExtra;
    LPSTR
} WFSIDCSTATUS, * LPWFSIDCSTATUS;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_caps
{
    WORD
                   wClass;
    WORD
                  fwType;
                  bCompound;
    BOOL
    WORD
                   fwReadTracks;
    WORD
                  fwWriteTracks;
    WORD
                  fwChipProtocols;
    USHORT
                   usCards;
    WORD
                   fwSecType;
                  fwPowerOnOption;
    WORD
    WORD
                   fwPowerOffOption;
    LPSTR
                   lpszExtra;
} WFSIDCCAPS, * LPWFSIDCCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_form
    LPSTR
                 lpszFormName;
    CHAR
                  cFieldSeparatorTrack1;
    CHAR
                  cFieldSeparatorTrack2;
                  cFieldSeparatorTrack3;
    CHAR
    WORD
                  fwAction;
    LPSTR
                   lpszTracks;
                  bSecure;
    BOOL
                  lpszTrack1Fields;
    LPSTR
                   lpszTrack2Fields;
    LPSTR
    LPSTR
                   lpszTrack3Fields;
} WFSIDCFORM, * LPWFSIDCFORM;
/* IDC Execute Command Structures */
/*==================================*/
typedef struct _wfs_idc_write_track
ł
    LPSTR
                   lpstrFormName;
    LPSTR
                   lpstrTrackData;
} WFSIDCWRITETRACK, * LPWFSIDCWRITETRACK;
```

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```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_retain_card
{
   USHORT
                 usCount;
   WORD
                 fwPosition;
} WFSIDCRETAINCARD, * LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_setkey
{
   USHORT
                 usKeyLen;
                lpbKeyValue;
   LPBYTE
} WFSIDCSETKEY, * LPWFSIDCSETKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_card_data
{
   WORD
                 wDataSource;
   WORD
                wStatus;
                ulDataLength;
   UL ONG
   LPBYTE
                 lpbData;
} WFSIDCCARDDATA, * LPWFSIDCCARDDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
{
   WORD
                wChipProtocol;
               ulChipDataLength;
lpbChipData;
   ULONG
   LPBYTE
} WFSIDCCHIPIO, * LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;
/*-----*/
/* IDC Message Structures */
/*----*/
typedef struct _wfs_idc_track_event
ł
                 fwStatus;
   WORD
   LPSTR
                 lpstrTrack;
   LPSTR
                 lpstrData;
} WFSIDCTRACKEVENT, * LPWFSIDCTRACKEVENT;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_card_act
{
   WORD
                 wAction;
   WORD
                 wPosition;
} WFSIDCCARDACT, * LPWFSIDCCARDACT;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
      /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* __INC_XFSIDC__H */
```